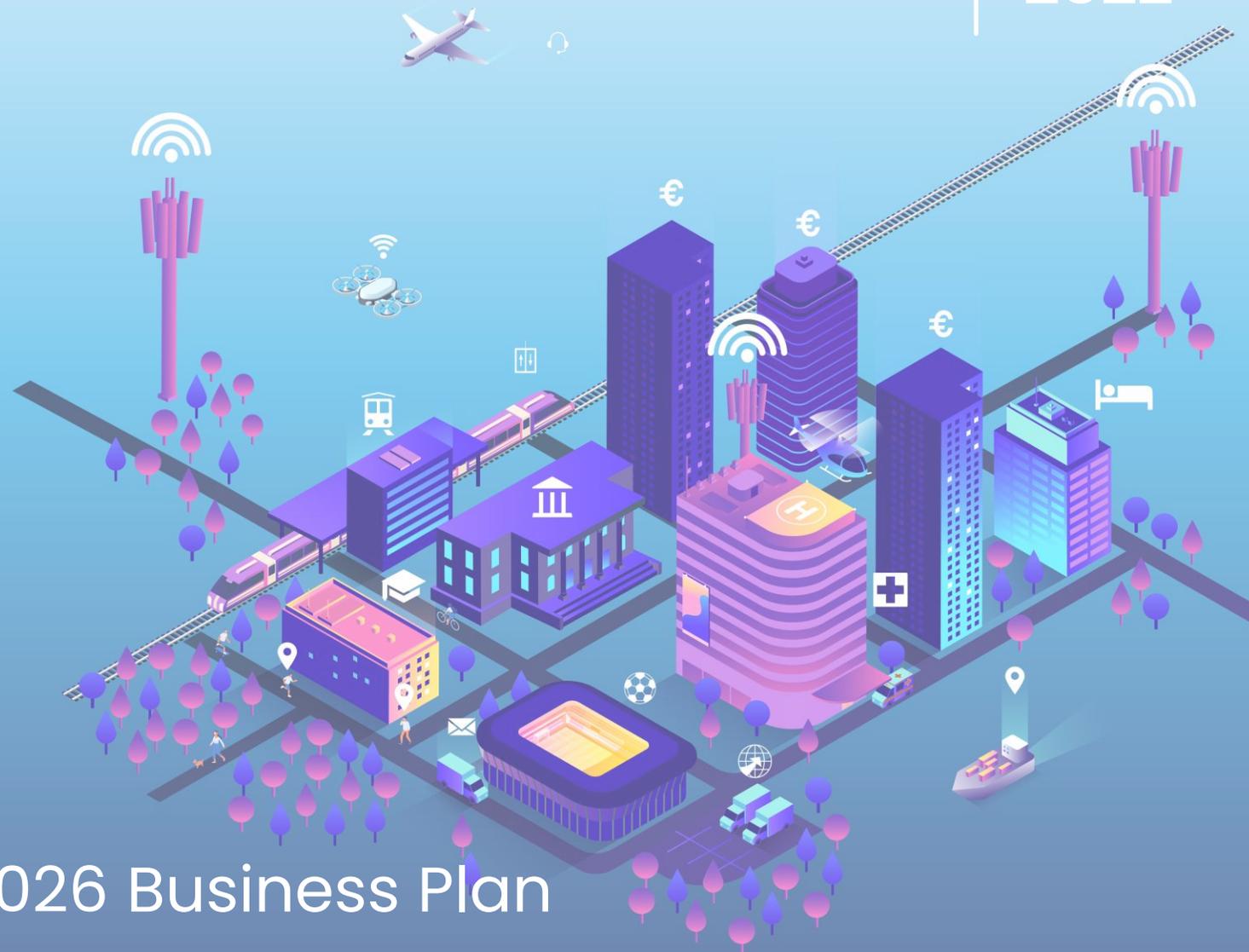


# INWIT

Infrastrutture Wireless Italiane

FY  
2022



## FY 2022 Results and 2023–2026 Business Plan

March 3rd, 2023

This presentation contains statements that constitute forward-looking statements. These statements mentioned repeatedly in this presentation and include statements regarding the intent, belief or current expectations of the customer base, estimates regarding future growth of the business, market share, financial results and other aspects of the activities and situations relating to Infrastrutture Wireless Italiane S.p.A. (INWIT). Such forward-looking statements are not guaranteed of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, and actual results may differ materially from those projected or implied in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. Consequently, INWIT makes no representation, whether expressed or implied, as to the conformity of the actual results with those projected in the forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking information for the Business Plan 2023–2026 are based on certain key assumptions which we believe to be reasonable as of the date hereof, but forward-looking information by its nature involves risks and uncertainties, which are outside our control, and could significantly affect expected results. Analysts and investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on those forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this presentation. INWIT undertakes no obligation to publicly release the results of any review to these forward-looking statements which may be made to reflect events and circumstances after the date of this presentation, including, without limitation, changes to INWIT business or acquisition strategy or planned capital expenditures or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as and to the extent required by law.

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The 2022 financial information of INWIT were prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and endorsed by the European Union (designated as “IFRS”). It is worth to remind that the Company has been merged with Vodafone Towers as of 31 March 2020. Following the adoption of IFRS 16, INWIT uses the additional alternative performance indicator of EBITDA after Lease (“EBITDAaL”), calculated by adjusting the EBITDA for the ground lease costs. Such alternative performance measure is not subject to audit.

The Recurring FCF formula is the following: Recurring Free Cash Flow calculated as EBITDA recurring IFRS 16 – ground lease payment – recurring CAPEX + change in net working capital not related to development CAPEX – cash taxes – financial interest payment.

By attending this presentation, you agree to be bound by the foregoing terms.

# Key messages of today's presentation

-  FY 2022 results: progress in line with guidance - strong Q4 - further pick-up expected in 2023
-  Supportive structural trends confirmed despite ongoing margin pressure in Italian TLC industry
-  Targets upgrade: delivering >€1.2bn Revenues and >€730m RFCF in 2026
-  Enhanced shareholder remuneration: +€100m dividends p.a. from 2024 on top of current dividend policy and first time €300m share buyback plan from 2023
-  Balance sheet flexibility to further expand value generation platform

# **Q4 & FY 2022 Financial Results**

# Strong finish to 2022 – execution on multiple fronts

## Q4'22 Highlights

### More New Sites

**+200**

New sites in Q4 22

480 New Sites in FY22 (380 in FY21)

### Record New PoPs

**+1,245**

New PoPs in Q4'22

(+4.2k PoPs in FY22, 2.16x tenancy Ratio)

### Lease cost efficiency

**+510**

Real Estate Transactions

(+2,220 in FY22, Lease costs -1.4% yoy )

### Confirmed cruising speed

**+8.1%**

Organic Revenues Growth YoY

(+8.6% in FY22, +1.9% inflation impact)

### Top EBITDAaL Growth

**+15.4%**

Q4 YoY

(+12.9% in FY22, 69% EBITDAaL margin)

### Strong cash flow

**+65.7%**

RFCF growth YoY

(€491.4m in FY22, 5.2x leverage)

## FY 2022 Highlights

### New Governance

Independent majority on the BoD

Wider management team (CFO, CCO, HRO new appointment)

### New Project Awards

PNRR 5G for Italy tender



Partnership FWA – 500 sites



### Progress on Sustainability



FTSE4Good  
First time inclusion



G R E S B

Upgrade



Confirmed



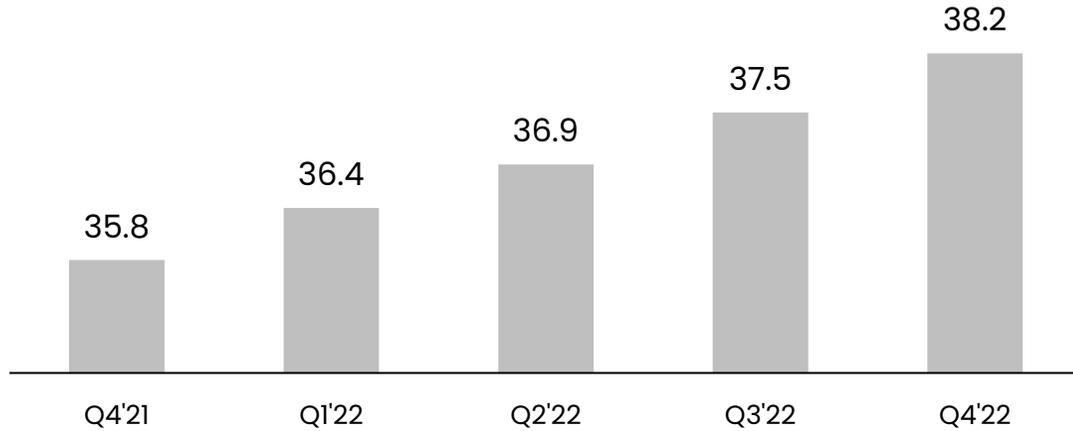
Confirmed

# Anchor PoPs: improved roll-out of New Sites

## Anchors – Total PoPs

(k PoPs)

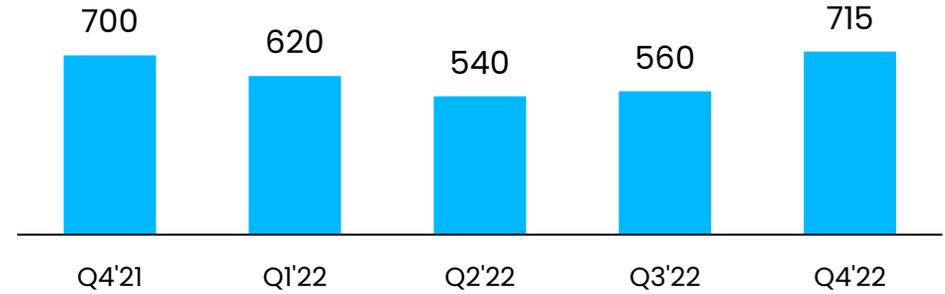
**+7%  
YoY**



## Anchors – New PoPs

(PoPs)

**+2.4k  
in 2022**



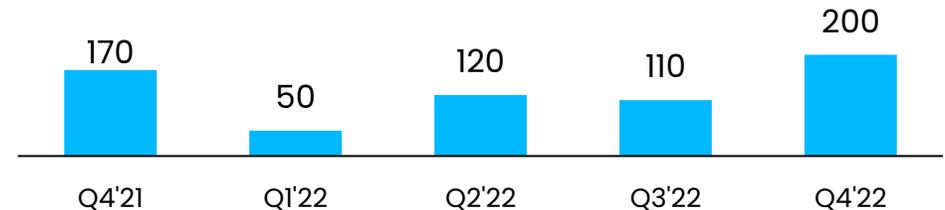
Anchor clients:

## MSA committed growth driving New Sites and New PoPs

- Supporting Anchors with efficient delivery of network rollout upgrade to 5G
- +2.4k Points of Presence added in 2022
- Step-up in delivery of new sites
  - 480 new sites built in 2022 (vs 380 in 2021 and 70 in 2020)

## New Sites

**+480  
in 2022**



Notes:

“New PoP” or “New Tenant” definition: new contract signed for a specific location, giving the host the right of use of a portion of a site for the installation and use of radio transmission active equipment.

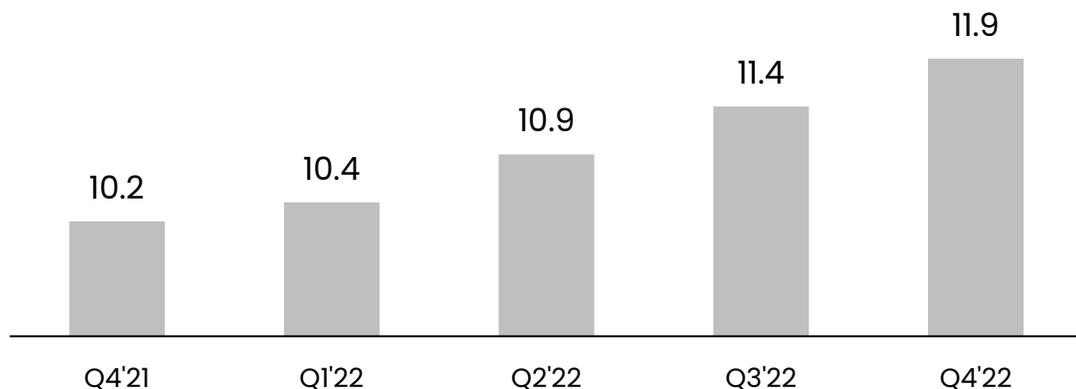
# OLOs' PoPs: double-digit volume growth continues

## Other Clients – Total PoPs

MNOs, FWAs, Other Clients

(k PoPs)

**+17%**  
YoY

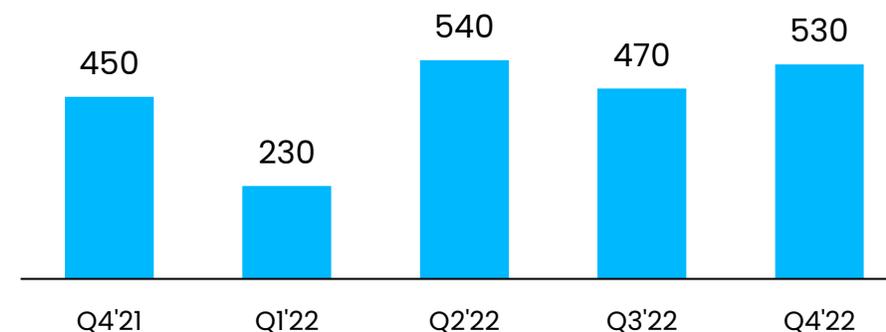


## Other Clients – New PoPs

MNOs, FWAs, Other Clients

(k PoPs)

**+1.8k**  
in 2022



MNOs – FWA  
Clients



iliad

FASTWEB

linkem



open fiber

Other  
Clients



Utilities



Security &  
Public Admin.



Radio DAB

## Neutral host role delivering +1.8k new Points of Presence in 2022

- Asset quality and location advantage drives demand from all clients, mobile, FWA and IoT/others
- MNOs: limited adds, driven by towns not impacted by remedies (<35k people), pending resolution of dispute
- FWA accounting for ~50% of new PoPs, visibility on commercial pipeline supports positive outlook
- Other clients: solid adds in Q4 driving optimization of tower economics (key clients include utility companies, security and public admin)

Notes:

“New PoP” or “New Tenant” definition: new contract signed for a specific location, giving the host the right of use of a portion of a site for the installation and use of radio transmission active equipment.

# P&L Q4 2022: solid finish to the year across the board

(Eur m)	Q4 2021	Q3 2022	Q4 2022	YoY
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>203.9</b>	<b>214.8</b>	<b>220.5</b>	8.1%
One-off Revenues	1.7	0.0	0.6	
<b>Recurring Revenues</b>	<b>202.3</b>	<b>214.8</b>	<b>219.9</b>	<b>8.7%</b>
Anchors MSA macro sites	167.3	175.4	177.0	5.8%
OLOs macro sites and others	27.5	31.1	34.6	<b>25.7%</b>
New services	7.5	8.4	8.3	11.3%
Opex <sup>1</sup>	18.8	19.6	16.4	-12.8%
<b>EBITDA<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>185.1</b>	<b>195.2</b>	<b>204.1</b>	10.2%
<i>EBITDA margin</i>	91%	91%	93%	+2 p.p.
D&A	92.2	89.5	92.2	0.1%
Interests	20.0	19.8	23.7	18.3%
Taxes	31.2	11.0	11.8	-62.0%
<b>Net Income</b>	<b>41.8</b>	<b>75.0</b>	<b>76.3</b>	<b>82.8%</b>
<i>Net Income margin</i>	20%	35%	35%	
Lease costs	48.6	48.6	46.5	-4.2%
<b>EBITDAaL<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>136.6</b>	<b>146.6</b>	<b>157.6</b>	<b>15.4%</b>
<i>EBITDAaL margin</i>	67%	68%	71%	+4 p.p.

## Highlights

- Anchors MSA macro sites growth driven by commitments
- 26% growth in OLO and others driven by volume, pricing and other services
  - Other revenues include tech services, installation, maintenance
- New Services: strong demand for better indoor connectivity. Selective approach from customers. Focus area for 2023 with new go-to market.
- Strong lease cost efficiency offsets larger asset base and Inflation
- +15.4% EBITDAaL growth with margin up +4p.p. YoY
- +83% growth in Net Income
  - Lower tax charges due to tax schemes

Note: 1: Q3 2022 OpEx, EBITDA and EBITDAaL include severance cost for €1.9m; EBITDA and EBITDAaL ex severance cost are equal to €197.2 (EBITDA margin 92%) and €148.5 (EBITDAaL margin 69%) respectively.

# P&L FY 2022: high-single-digit revenue growth + margin expansion

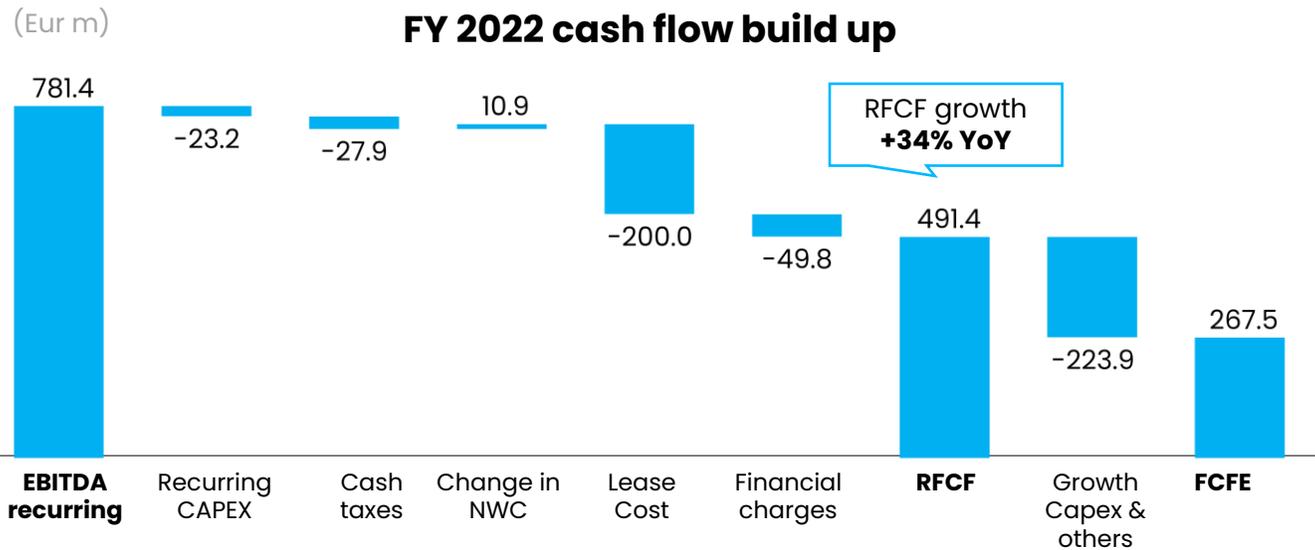
(Eur m)	FY 2021	FY 2022	YoY
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>785.1</b>	<b>853.0</b>	8.6%
One-off Revenues	3.3	0.6	
<b>Recurring Revenues</b>	<b>781.9</b>	<b>852.4</b>	9.0%
Anchors MSA macro sites	665.3	699.1	5.1%
OLOs macro sites and others	96.3	121.1	25.7%
New services	20.2	32.2	59.1%
Opex <sup>1</sup>	70.3	73.8	5.0%
<b>EBITDA<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>714.9</b>	<b>779.2</b>	9.0%
<i>EBITDA margin</i>	91%	91%	stable
D&A	360.1	363.7	1.0%
Interests	90.1	81.2	-9.8%
Taxes	73.3	40.9	-44.2%
<b>Net Income</b>	<b>191.4</b>	<b>293.3</b>	53.3%
<i>Net Income margin</i>	24%	34%	
Lease costs	194.9	192.2	-1.4%
<b>EBITDAaL<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>520.0</b>	<b>587.0</b>	12.9%
<i>EBITDAaL margin</i>	66%	69%	+3 p.p.

## Highlights

- Consistent top-line delivery at +9% organic growth since Q1
  - MSA commitments, volume and pricing trend in OLOs
  - New services up 60% yoy driven by DAS coverage projects
- 91% EBITDA margin include one-off €1.9m Severance Cost in Q3'22
- Continued lease cost efficiency
- +12.9% EBITDAaL growth with margin up +3 p.p. to 69%
- +53.3% growth in Net Income driven by lower financial fees and taxes (benefits from tax schemes)

Note: 1: 2022 OpEx, EBITDA and EBITDAaL include severance cost for €1.9m; EBITDA and EBITDAaL ex severance cost are equal to €781.1 (EBITDA margin 91%) and €588.9m (EBITDAaL margin 69%) respectively.

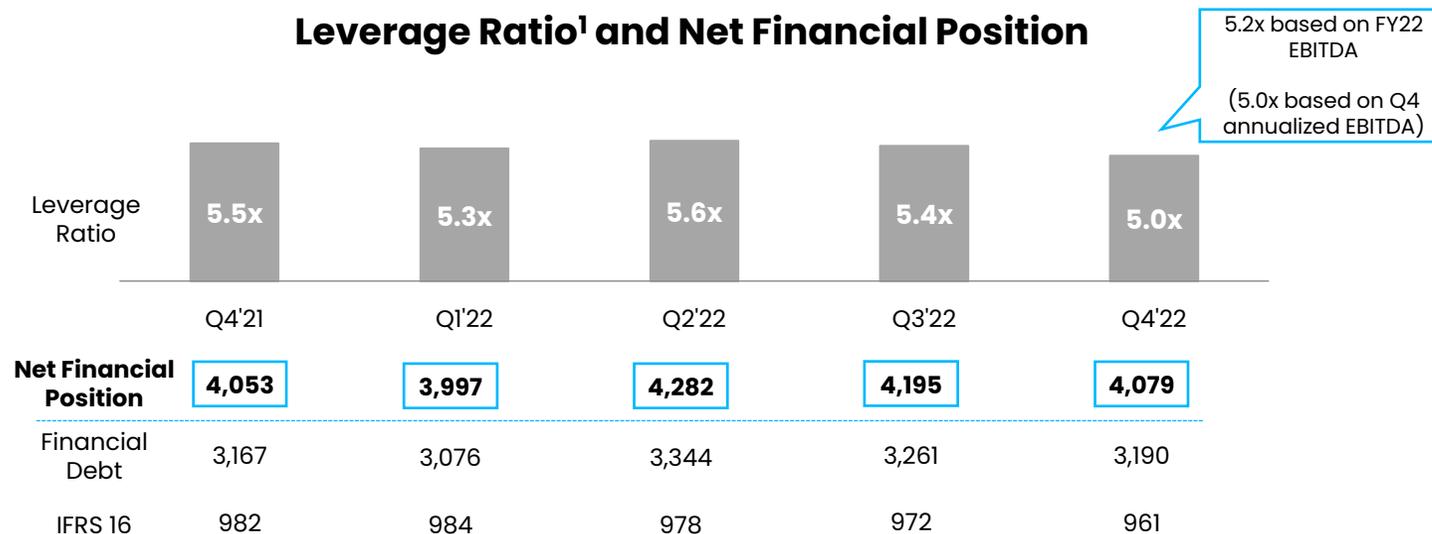
# Cash flow: structurally high cash conversion and ability to de-lever quickly



## FY22 cash flow highlights

- €491m RFCF (+34% YoY – benefits of tax schemes)
- 63% cash conversion on EBITDA
- Continuous optimization of Net Working Capital leading to €11m cash flow generation
- Structurally low recurring capex
- Low cash taxes, in line with guidance
- Growth capex include highway tunnel assets
- Q4'22: €140.9m RFCF (+65.7% YoY)

## Leverage Ratio<sup>1</sup> and Net Financial Position



## Highlights

- Leverage reduction on the back of EBITDA growth
- Progressive deleveraging to continue
- Efficient debt profile:
  - 80% fixed / 20% floating
  - Current average cost: 2.2%
  - Average bond maturity: 5.2 years

Note:

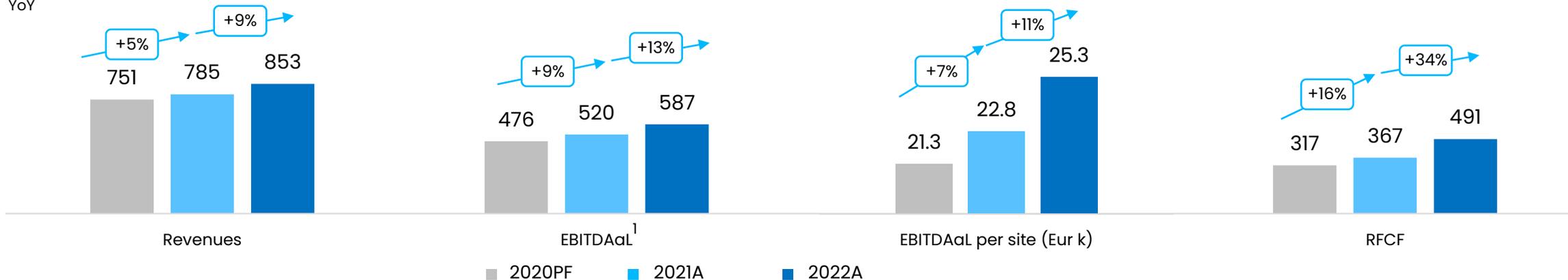
1: Leverage ratio calculated as Net Debt on annualized quarterly EBITDA

# 2020–2022 execution: expansion of growth platform

## Financial Figures

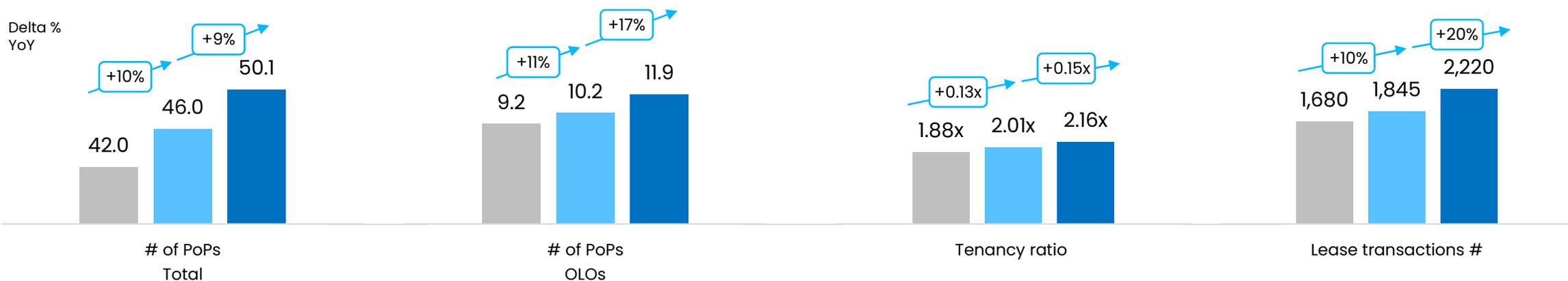
(Eur m)

Delta %  
YoY



## Industrial KPIs

Delta %  
YoY



Note:

1: 2022 EBITDAaL Reported includes €1.9m one-off severance costs

# **2023-2026 Business Plan**

# 2023–2026 targets: stronger growth and enhanced shareholder remuneration

EUR m (vs July 2022 targets)	2022A	2023E	YoY %	2026E	CAGR
<b>Revenues</b>	853	<b>960–980</b> (prior: >960)	14%	<b>&gt;1,200</b> (prior: >1,100)	High 1-digit
EBITDA	779	<b>91%</b> (prior: 91%)	Stable	<b>~92%</b> (prior: 91%)	High 1-digit
<b>EBITDA margin %</b>	91%				
EBITDAaL	587	<b>71%</b> (prior: 71%)	+2 p.p.	<b>~76%</b> (prior: 75%)	2-digit
<b>EBITDAaL margin %</b>	69%				
<b>RFCF</b>	491	<b>595–605</b> (prior: high end of 560–600 range)	+22%	<b>&gt;730</b> (prior: >700)	2-digit
<i>RFCF per share</i>	0.51		+Buyback accretion		+Buyback accretion
Hp. CPI (1y lag P&L impact)	8.0% (impact from 2023)	5.0% (prior: 1.9%)		2.0% (prior: 1.5%)	
<b>Dividend Policy</b>	€0.30 DPS in 2020 + 7.5% CAGR to 2023	<b>Additional €100m</b> dividends p.a. from 2024 onwards +7.5% total CAGR to 2026E (e.g.: 2024 DPS at €0.48)			
<b>Share Buyback</b>		<b>NEW: up to €300m</b> in 18 months (2023 AGM proposal)			



- Target upgrade from 2023 to 2026
- Updated CPI assumptions
- Strong, highly visible organic growth
- Wider margin expansion
- 2-digit RFCF generation



- Enhanced dividend: 2024 DPS +28% vs prior dividend policy
- First time introduction of share buyback plan for up to €300m

## INWIT distinctive features

- Strong demand continues
- Next Generation EU opportunities
- New inflationary outlook

- Best in class assets
- Capex plan at attractive returns
- Focus on shorter E2E delivery process

- Two Tier-1 Anchors
- OLOs sources of growth
- Micro coverage opportunity
- IoT/Edge/other
- Ground lease efficiency

- Best-in-class RFCF
- Clear framework for use of balance sheet flexibility



**Supportive external scenario**



**Best Tower assets**



**Highly visible growth**



**Clear capital allocation framework**

## Updated assumptions since Nov. 2020 Business Plan

- Mobile data urgency in post-Covid era
- Expansion in 5G coverage
- Positive net impact from higher inflation
- Italian TLC industry in need for cost/capex efficiency

- Progressive ramp-up of New Site to ~500 p.a. and growing
- Stronger Capex plan

- Rebalanced PoP volumes with stronger 2026 exit rate
- New contract awards (Open Fiber, 5G Next Gen)
- Supportive price/demand in FWA, other clients/services
- Step up in Micro-grid assets focused on indoor DAS
- Opportunity to buy land at scale

- Reinforced ability to generate RFCF / de-lever
- Higher shareholder returns
- Additional optionality from balance sheet flexibility

## Best macro grid locations, leading micro grid



23k+ sites  
>45% share  
Urban 43%  
Rural 57%  
One tower every 3km



50k tenants;  
+9% YoY growth  
2.16x Tenancy ratio



1.7k  
Owned fiber  
backhaul links



>7k Remote Units  
Distributed Antenna Systems  
(DAS) and Small Cells



1,000km  
Highway and  
Roadway  
Tunnels



Ca. 9%  
Land sites owned



## Partner to Anchors: strong MSA contracts with 2 tier 1 players



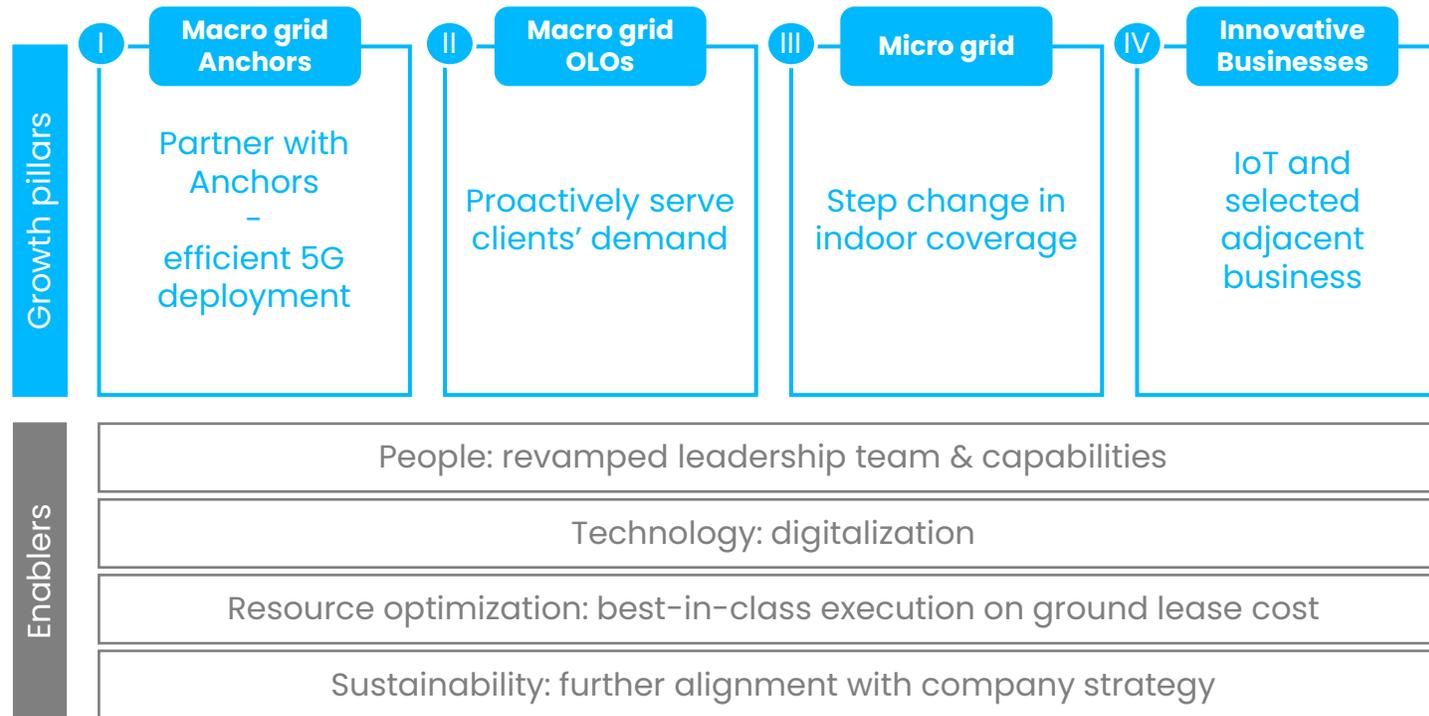
- Strong MSAs with multiple sources of growth:
  - Fixed fee
  - CPI link (100% link to prior year CPI, no cap, 0% floor)
  - Committed growth (New Sites, PoPs, DAS/SC, backhauling)
  - Preferred supplier role for additional services (“First offer” / “Last call” options on sites, PoPs, DAS/Small Cells)
  - Energy pass-through
- Contract type: 8 + 8 years renewal cycles with “all or nothing” mechanism, change of control, protection/upgrade features

## Serving all clients in the market



- Neutral host role – INWIT assets available to all market players such as MNOs, FWA and Other Clients
- Contract type: 6+6 or 9+9-year renewal cycles
- CPI link: ~75% of prior-year average CPI, some capped
- Energy pass-through

# Business Plan Strategic Pillars confirmed with 3 strategic priorities

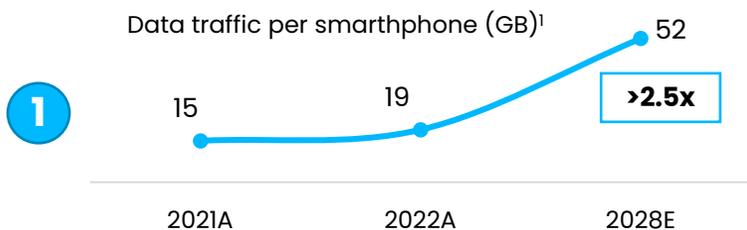


## Strategic Priorities

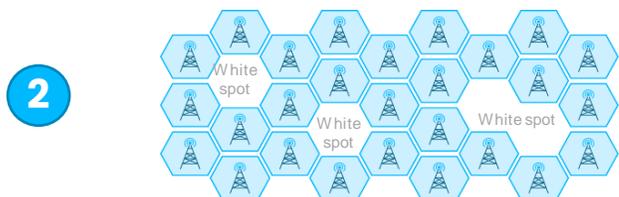
- 1 Macro grid: further scale-up deployment capacity for new sites
- 2 Micro grid: step-up commercial delivery for indoor Distributed Antenna Systems (DAS) and selected outdoor (Small Cells)
- 3 Deployment of balance sheet flexibility: maximize growth in short-term and capture potential of industry evolution

# Technology trends a tailwind to the tower industry

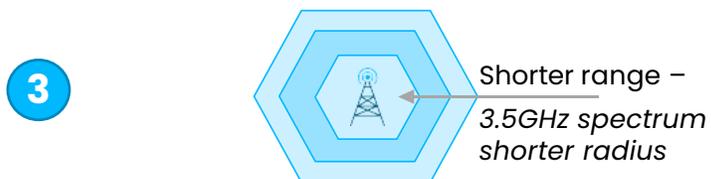
## 5G drives densification of Points of Presence both outdoor and indoor...



Data volume surge



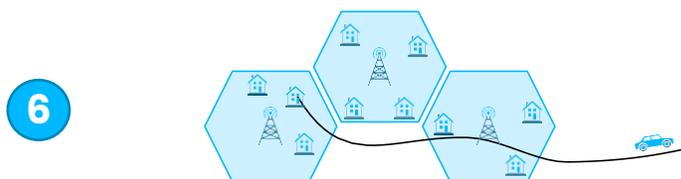
White spot coverage ongoing, with need to extend 5G to greater areas



Higher frequency spectrum translating into shorter coverage range



Higher frequency means lower ability to extend signal through walls



Coverage of transportation links

### Notes:

1) Ericsson Mobility Report, Western Europe, Nov. 2022

2) Source: Altman Solon analysis

## ...resulting in a material market opportunity

2026 Market Coverage Outlook<sup>2</sup>



**+8k** macro sites  
(48k in 2022, 56k in 2026E)



**~3k** Indoor locations



**~40k** remote units indoor  
(DAS only)

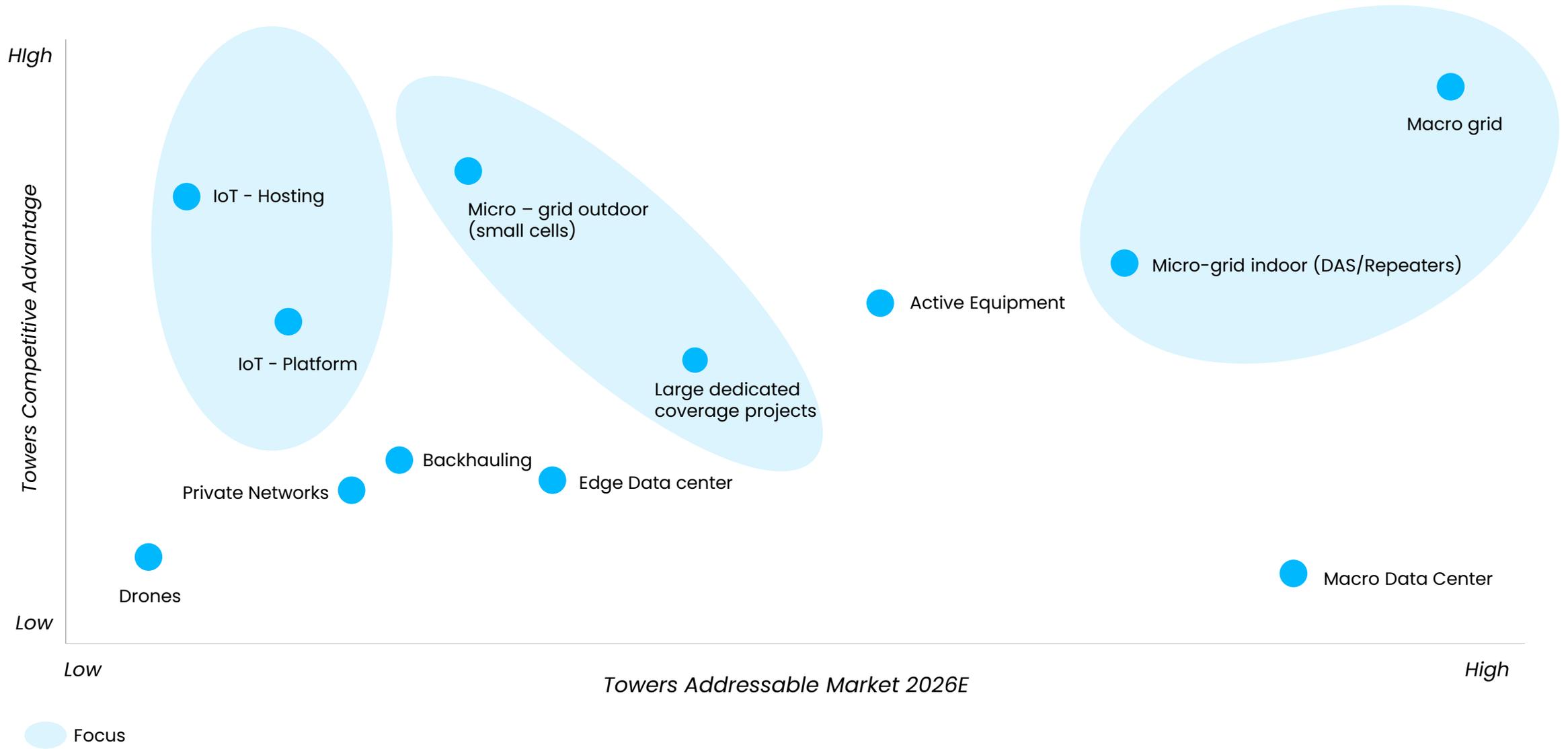


**>15k** remote units outdoor  
(Small Cells only)



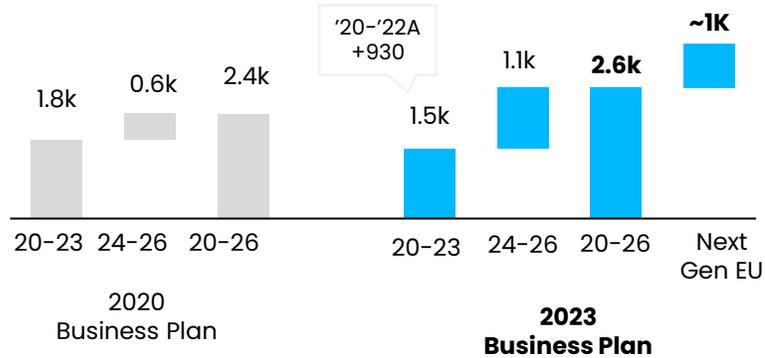
**~12k km** Roads and Tunnels

# Core business offers highest growth opportunity for Towers



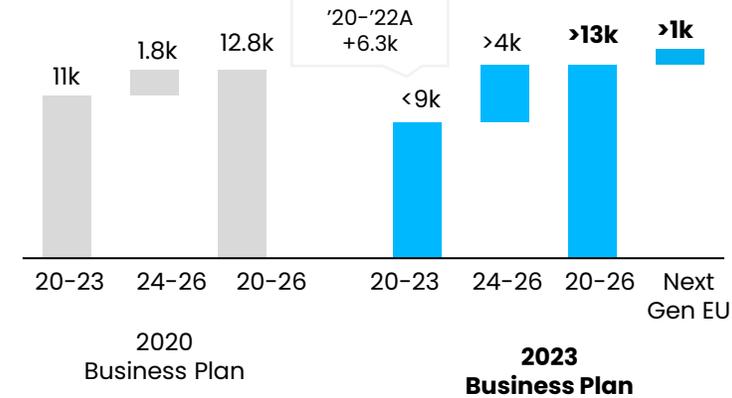
# KPI targets: stronger exit rate in 2026 with rebalanced evolution

## New Macro Sites



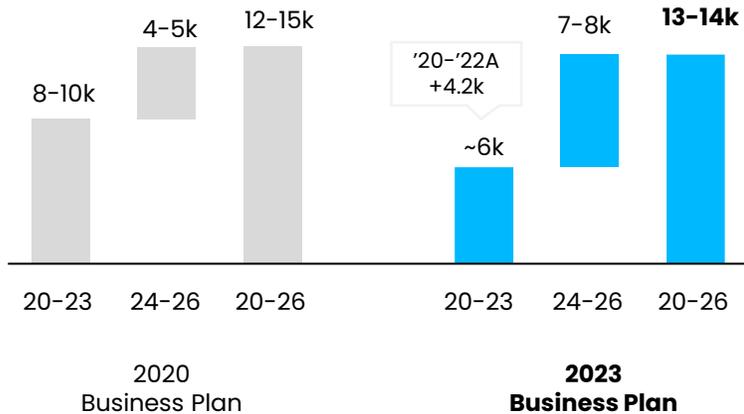
- Stronger Anchors BTS program (+200 New Sites)
- Tenancy Ratio confirmed at 2.6x in 2026E
- In addition: Next Gen EU 5G tender sites

## New Macro PoPs – Anchor



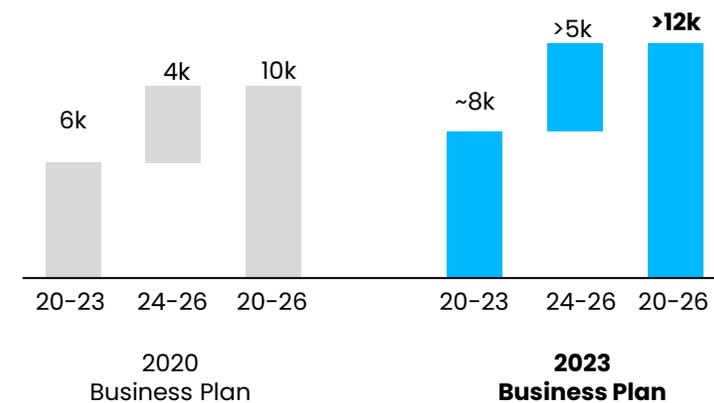
- 5G rollout progressing
- On-going grid optimization
- +400 New PoPs on New Anchor Sites
- >+1k PoPs for Next Gen EU

## New Macro PoPs – OLOs



- Rebalanced pace and mix
- Lower volumes from remedy sites by 2026E
- Strong FWA and IoT demand

## Real Estate Transactions



- Tracking ahead of Nov. 20 Business Plan Targets
- Opportunity to increase focus on land buyout vs lease renegotiation

# New Services: material growth driven by DAS indoor coverage

## DAS, Repeaters and Small Cells: key drivers of “New Services” Revenues

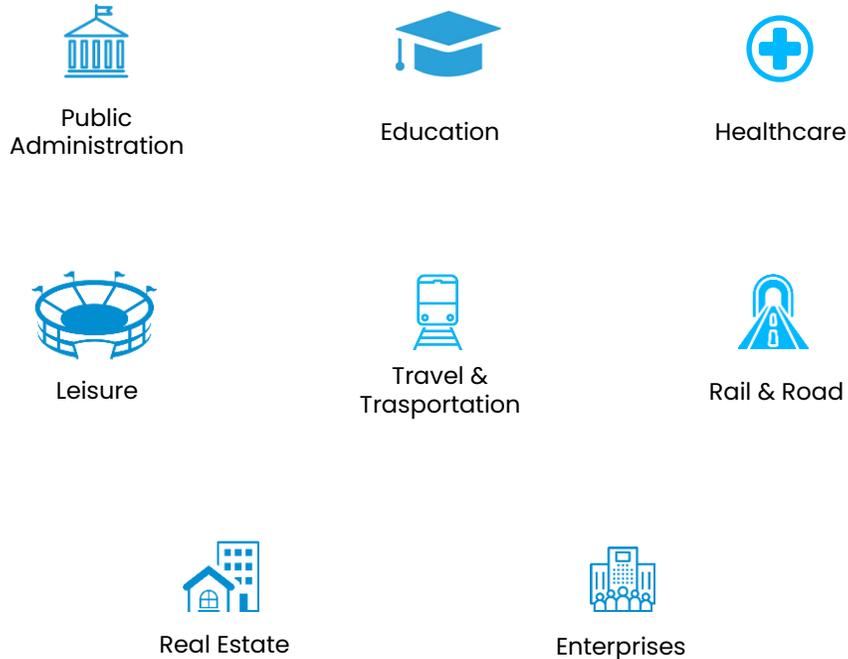
 **DAS (Distributed Antenna System) – Mainly indoor coverage:** dedicated coverage/capacity for large enterprises; coverage of high-density areas/venues requiring multitenant solutions and coverage of transport infrastructure

Today

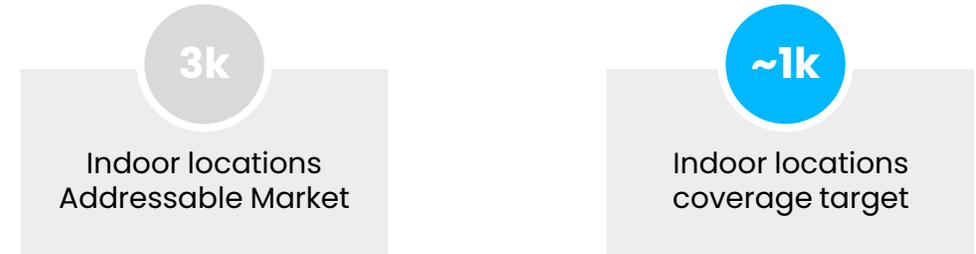
 **SC (Small Cells) – Mainly outdoor coverage:** high connection speeds, wide area coverage, and ultra-low latency (5G enablers)

2025 -2026 onwards

### Sizeable DAS market in relevant verticals



### INWIT ambition and go-to-market strategy



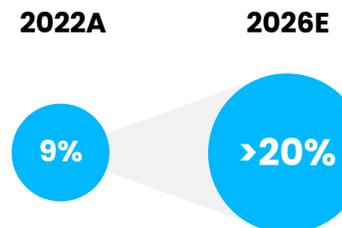
- Sizeable DAS market untapped potential in relevant verticals to be fully exploited through a proactive sales approach
- Dedicated go-to-market strategy with direct and indirect channels
- Revamped commercial function
- Double-digit returns with two tenants

## Ground Lease cost

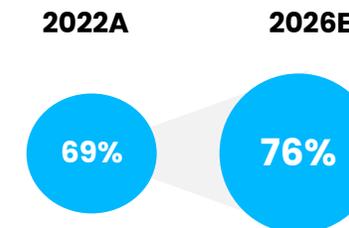
- Continued work on lease cost, tracking ahead of cost reduction targets
- Strong track record in lease cost reduction despite inflation link kicking-in and broader asset base
- Expansion of land buyout programme
- Ground lease costs stable ~€192m in 2026E



## % Land Owned

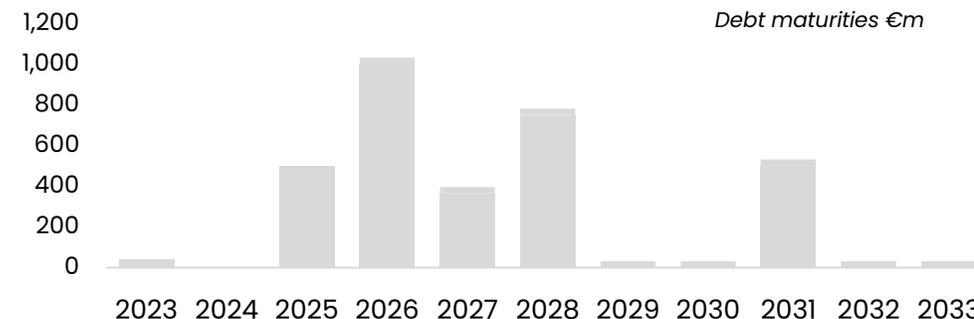


## EBITDAaL Margin %



## Financial charges

- Balanced debt profile with no maturities in the short-term
  - Current cost of debt 2.2%
  - Gross Debt 80% fixed / 20% floating
  - Average bond maturity 5.2 years
  - First bond maturity in 2026



## Taxes

- Two tax schemes with long-term benefits and 2-digit IRRs
  - Presented in November 2020
    - Applied on €2bn goodwill from Vodafone merger
    - €114m p.a. cash benefits in 2022-2026 (RFCF)
  - Presented in March 2021, subsequently modified
    - Applied on €1.4bn goodwill at YE 2019
    - €8m p.a. cash benefits in 2022-2026 (RFCF)



## P&L: Effective Tax rate

From 12% in 2022A to <20% in 2026E



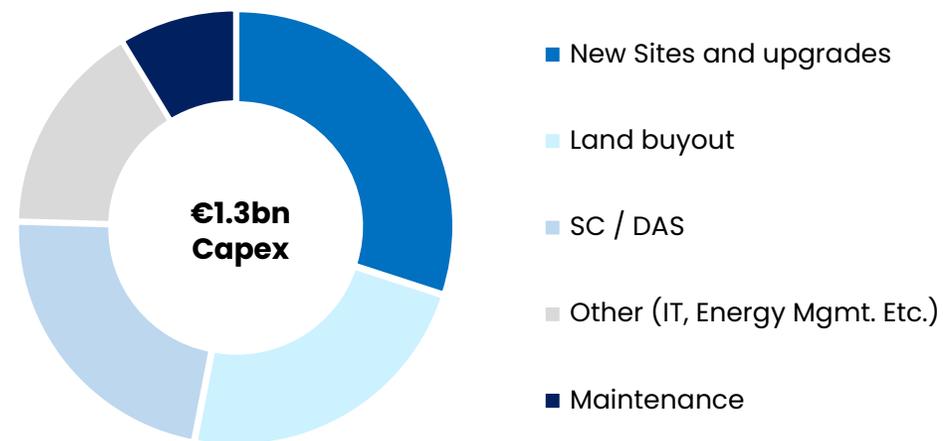
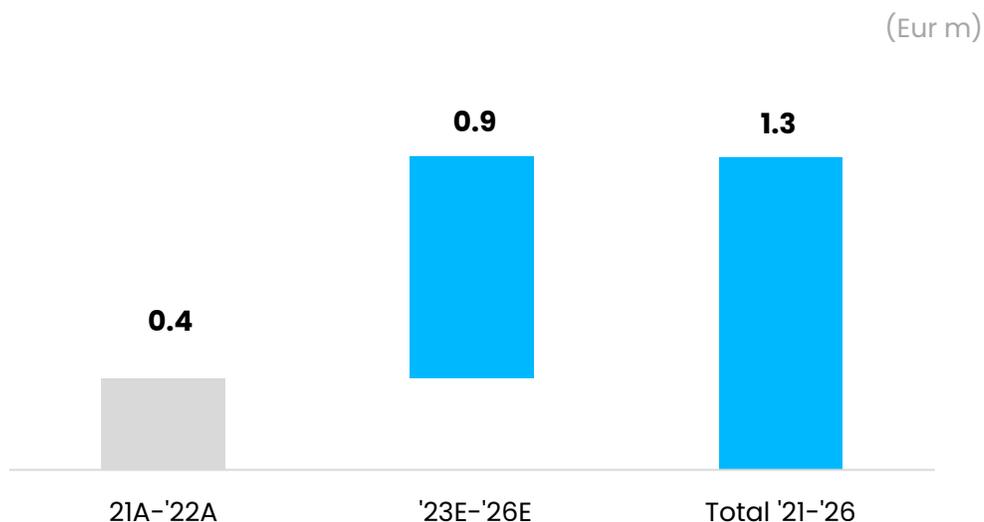
## Cash Flow: Tax cash out

From €28m in 2022A to ca. €85m in 2026E



# Capex plan: 0.9bn in '23-'26 to expand digital infrastructure

## Capex Plan: €1.3bn in 2021-2026



### Highlights

- Capex with 2-digit returns, supporting stronger 2026E earnings vs previous plan
- ~€200m additional capex vs Nov. 2020 plan driven by:
  - More new sites (Anchors, Next Gen EU 5G, Open Fiber agreements)
  - More land buyout
  - Increased focus on micro-grid / dedicated coverage projects/assets
  - Inflation (~5% impact, more than offset by revenue CPI link)

### Building a stronger infrastructure



More Sites



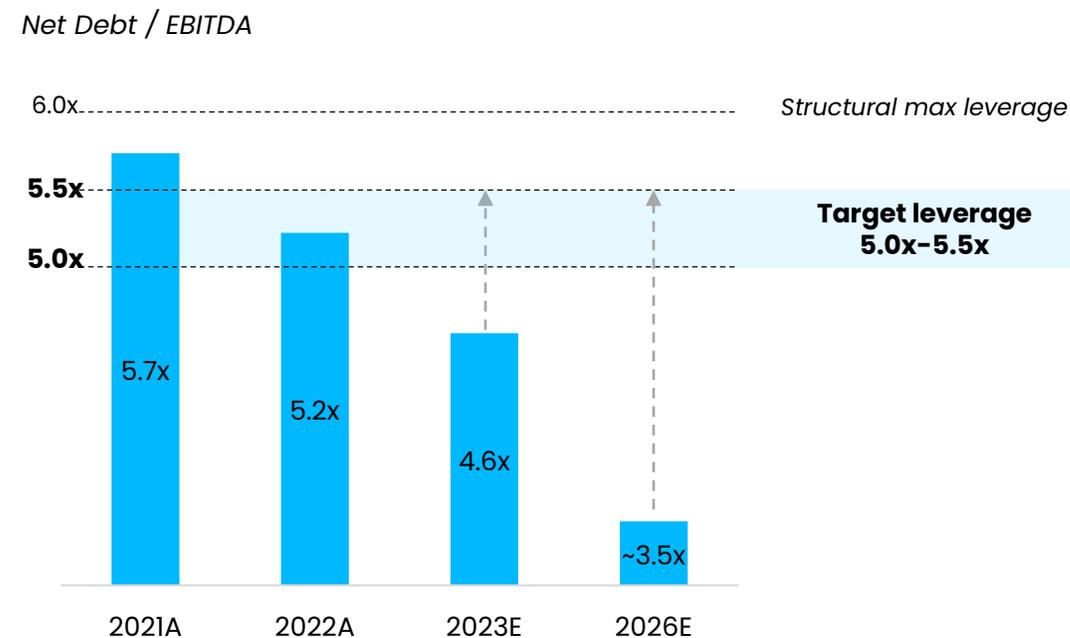
More DAS



More Land Buyout

# Strong de-lever leading to higher shareholder returns + investment optionality

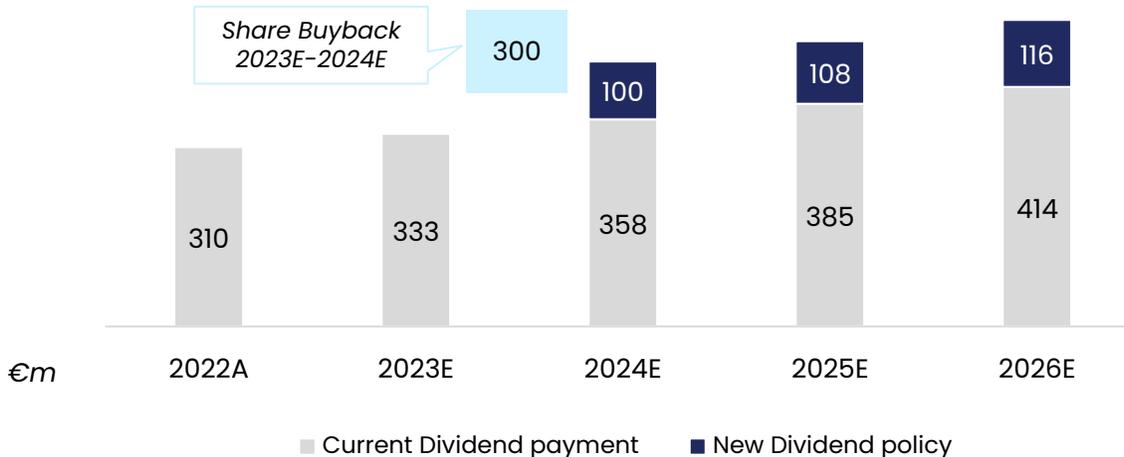
## 2023 Business Plan Balance Sheet Flexibility



Business Plan 2023 leverage trend (excluding additional dividends and buyback plan)

## Higher shareholder remuneration

1. Current dividend policy: €0.30 DPS in 2020 + 7.5% CAGR to 2023
2. Enhanced dividend policy:
  - +€100m dividends p.a. from 2024 onwards (on top of current policy)
  - DPS growth confirmed: +7.5% DPS CAGR to 2026E
3. New share buyback program:
  - up to €300m share buybacks in 18 months following 2023 AGM

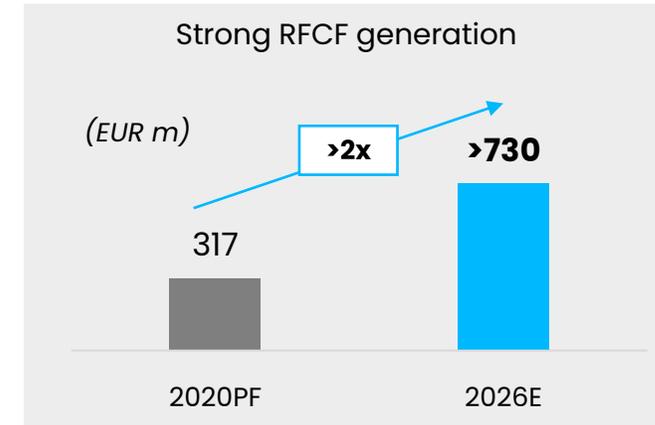


Notes:  
Additional dividend policy and share buyback program to be proposed to 2023 AGM



## Industry-leading organic growth with high visibility based on MSAs

- High-single-digit organic revenue growth
- EBITDAaL margin expansion
- Strong cash flow generation



## Sizeable capex plan with further balance sheet flexibility to maximize growth opportunity

Growth Capex  
**€0.9m**  
 (2023E-2026E)

Balance Sheet Flexibility  
**5.0x-5.5x**  
 (leverage 2023E-2026E)



## Enhanced dividend policy + first time share buyback plan

Current dividend policy  
**€1.5bn**  
 (2023E-2026E)

Extra dividends  
**€323m**  
 (2023E-2026E)

Share buyback  
**€300m**  
 (2023E-2024E)

## **Annex**

## Towers key distinctive features

 <b>Connected</b> <i>Towers host connectivity antennas as well as fiber</i>	 <b>Equipped</b> <i>Towers guarantee secure space, with presence of power &amp; cooling</i>	 <b>User-Proximate</b> <i>Towers are well-distributed across urban and rural areas</i>	 <b>Shared</b> <i>Source of economic &amp; environmental value</i>
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1 Ground Equipment

2 MNO antennas

3 FWA antennas

4 mMIMO antennas

5 Fiber Backhaul

6 DAS indoor

7 Small cells outdoor

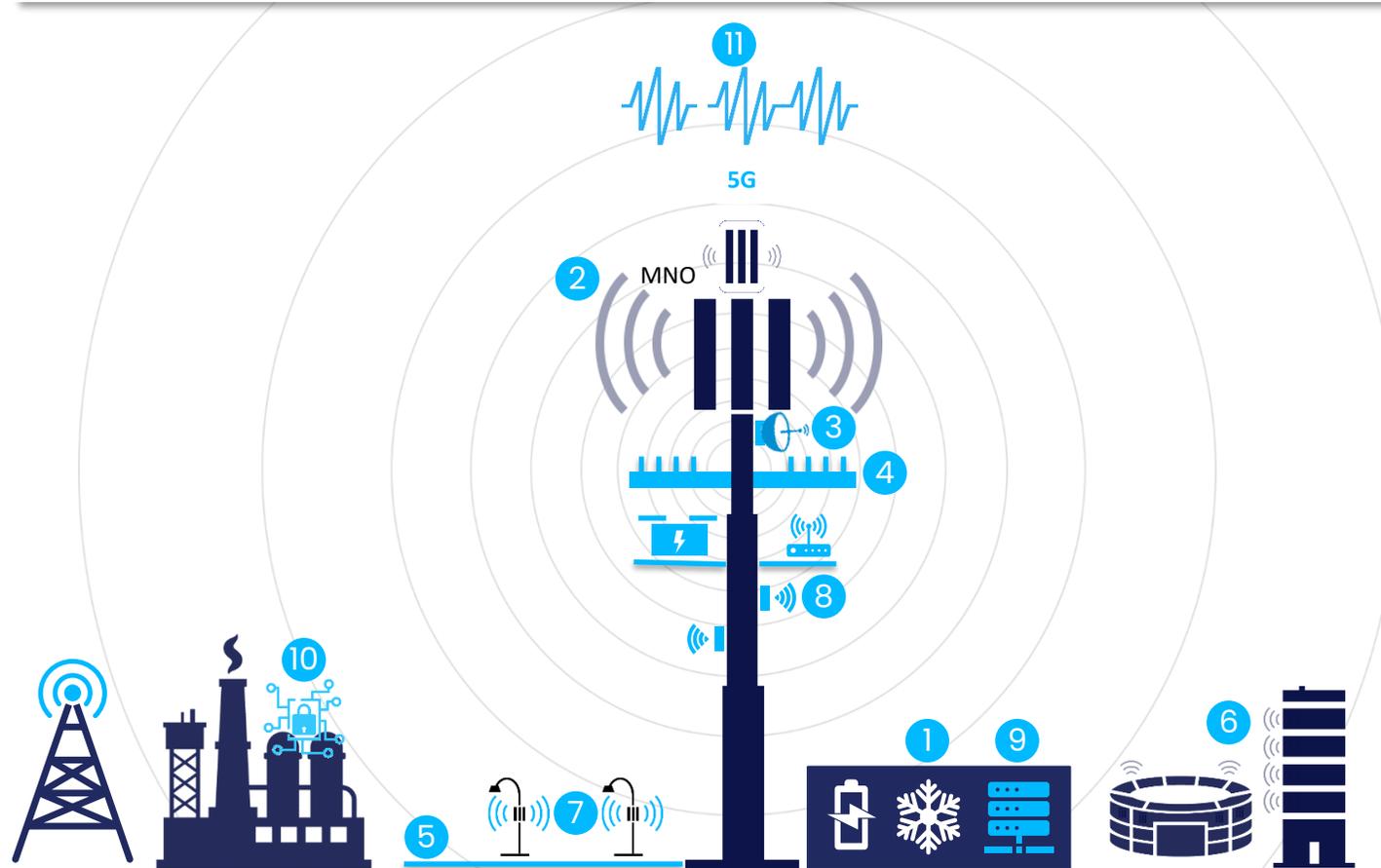
8 IoT sensors/gateways

9 Edge data center

10 Private network

11 Spectrum frequencies

+ Large coverage projects





## TOWER AS A SERVICE

2022 progress

- Science Based Target approval
- 100% electricity from renewables
- 98% recycled waste
- Biodiversity monitoring in WWF oasis

- 5G tender for the reduction of the digital divide in Italy
- 427 hospitalities in white/vulnerable areas
- 40+ Hospitals wireless coverage
- Zero serious injuries

- ESG in MBO/ LTI
- Survey brand awareness
- ESG questionnaire for suppliers
- ESG rating upgrade

Main target 2023-2026

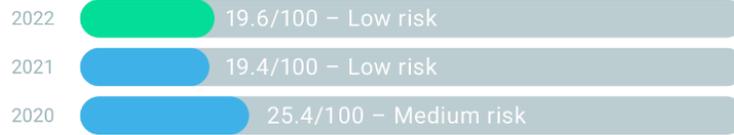
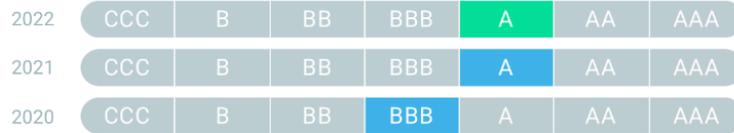
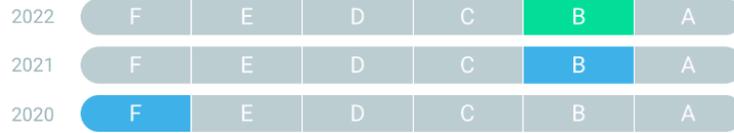
- Carbon Neutrality
- 2030 Net Zero Plan
- 2,5+ MWp photovoltaic plants
- -22 GWh from energy efficiency

- To accelerate indoor and outdoor coverage
- To increase hospitalities in white/vulnerable areas
- To reduce gender pay gap
- To reduce lost days injury rate

- Tenancy ratio improvement
- ESG Rating and Index
- Due Diligence Human Rights
- Tax Control Framework

Supporting reduction of digital divide and environmental footprint

# ESG: overview of Ratings and Index Memberships



G R E S B



## ESG Index Membership



FTSE4Good

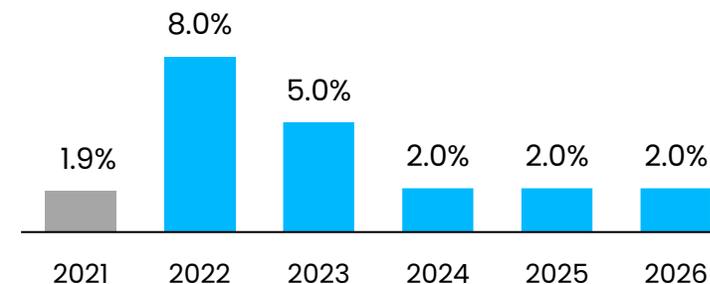
# Well positioned in current inflationary environment

Inflation impact on key variables		
Key Figures	% of 2022 Revenues	CPI link mechanics
Revenues	100%	
<b>Anchor MSA macro site</b>	82%	<b>100% linked to prior-year avg CPI (0% floor, no cap)</b> ✓
OLOs, New Services, others	18%	100% linked to 75% of prior year avg CPI
Operating expenses	9%	
Personnel Costs	3%	Based on collective bargaining agreements (hp: linked to CPI)
Other costs (inc. maintenance)	6%	Mainly outsourced (hp: partially linked to short term CPI)
<b>Tower site energy costs</b>	0%	<b>Pass-through to clients (no P&amp;L impact for INWIT)</b> ✓
EBITDA	91%	
Ground Lease Costs	23%	100% linked to 75% of prior year avg CPI (same time lag as revenues)
EBITDAaL	69%	
Financial charges	10%	Gross Debt 80% fixed, 20% floating (linked to EURIBOR)
Capex (total)	22%	Limited impact from rising raw materials

**Inflation sensitivity:  
+1% inflation equals >€5m EBITDAaL**

## Inflation Business Plan assumptions

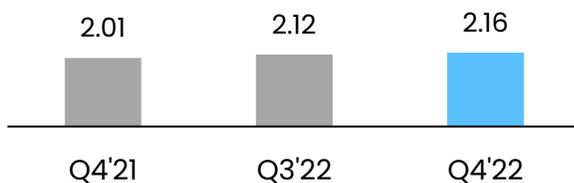
Inflation assumptions – year average



Prior-year avg CPI applied to P&L

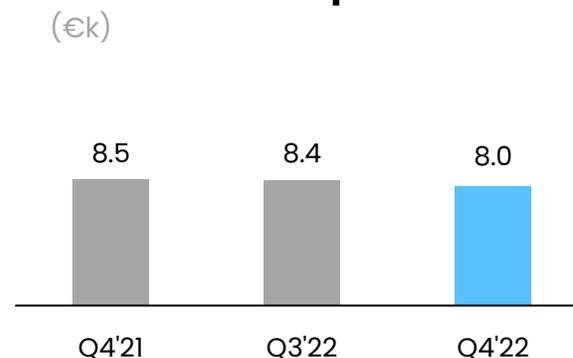
# Asset and cost optimization continues with tangible results

### Tenancy ratio



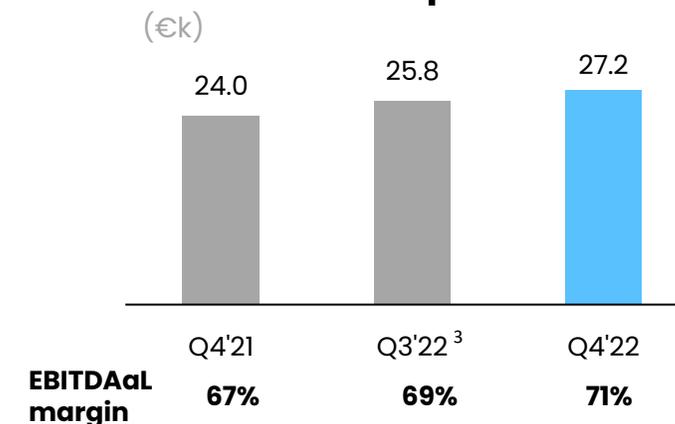
**Best in class tenancy ratio**

### Lease cost per site<sup>1</sup>



**Strong track record in lease cost reduction**

### EBITDAaL per site<sup>2</sup>



**Material and highly visible margin expansion**

## INWIT business model ensures highly visible margin expansion

- **Two Tier-1 anchors** and a role of **neutral host** resulting in one of the **highest tenancy ratio in the sector**
- Tenancy ratio expected to grow significantly, driven by mobile (MNOs and OLOs), FWA and other clients, unlocking **further operating leverage**
- Continued work **on lease cost**, tracking slightly ahead of cost **reduction targets**
- Progressive and visible **EBITDAaL per site expansion**

Notes:

1: Based on annualized quarterly lease cost; 2: Based on annualized quarterly EBITDAaL. Tenancy ratio: occupancy level of sites, computed as ratio of number of clients hosted and available sites.

3: Q3 2022 EBITDAaL margin exclude severance cost for €1.9m

# Data book: Cumulated P&L

Currency: €m	3M20	6M20	9M20	FY20	3M21	6M21	9M21	FY21	3M22	6M22	9M22	FY22
	(Jan-Mar)	(Jan-Jun)	(Jan-Sep)	(Jan-Dec)	(Jan-Mar)	(Jan-Jun)	(Jan-Sep)	(Jan-Dec)	(Jan-Mar)	(Jan-Jun)	(Jan-Sep)	(Jan-Dec)
<b>Revenues</b>	<b>103.0</b>	<b>287.4</b>	<b>473.5</b>	<b>663.4</b>	<b>190.2</b>	<b>383.1</b>	<b>581.2</b>	<b>785.1</b>	<b>207.0</b>	<b>417.7</b>	<b>632.5</b>	<b>853.0</b>
TIM - MSA macro sites <sup>1</sup>	66.3	146.7	228.4	310.0	82.1	165.7	250.1	333.7	85.7	173.3	259.9	345.1
VOD - MSA macro sites <sup>1</sup>		80.9	162.6	244.4	82.0	164.9	247.9	331.6	86.6	173.5	262.2	354.0
OLOs macro sites & Others <sup>2</sup>	24.4	45.5	66.1	89.4	22.9	45.8	70.4	99.6	27.1	55.5	86.6	121.7
New Services <sup>3</sup>	12.3	14.4	16.5	19.6	3.3	6.7	12.7	20.2	7.6	15.5	23.9	32.2
<b>Operating Expenses</b>	<b>(14.9)</b>	<b>(27.8)</b>	<b>(41.1)</b>	<b>(59.6)</b>	<b>(17.3)</b>	<b>(34.3)</b>	<b>(51.5)</b>	<b>(70.3)</b>	<b>(18.9)</b>	<b>(37.8)</b>	<b>(57.4)</b>	<b>(73.8)</b>
Ground Lease	(0.4)	(1.0)	(2.0)	(2.3)	(1.5)	(2.1)	(3.5)	(5.2)	(1.1)	(1.1)	(1.3)	(2.5)
Other OpEx	(11.7)	(19.2)	(27.3)	(39.1)	(10.4)	(22.0)	(33.7)	(46.7)	(12.9)	(26.5)	(40.3)	(50.0)
Personnel Costs	(2.8)	(7.6)	(11.8)	(18.2)	(5.4)	(10.2)	(14.3)	(18.4)	(4.9)	(10.2)	(15.8)	(21.4)
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>88.0</b>	<b>259.6</b>	<b>432.4</b>	<b>603.8</b>	<b>173.0</b>	<b>348.9</b>	<b>529.8</b>	<b>714.9</b>	<b>188.1</b>	<b>379.8</b>	<b>575.1</b>	<b>779.2</b>
D&A and Write-off	(31.3)	(130.4)	(225.6)	(313.1)	(89.2)	(177.9)	(268.0)	(360.1)	(92.4)	(182.0)	(271.5)	(363.7)
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>56.7</b>	<b>129.2</b>	<b>206.8</b>	<b>290.7</b>	<b>83.8</b>	<b>171.0</b>	<b>261.8</b>	<b>354.7</b>	<b>95.7</b>	<b>197.9</b>	<b>303.6</b>	<b>415.5</b>
Interest	(9.5)	(26.9)	(47.5)	(69.8)	(21.5)	(47.9)	(70.1)	(90.1)	(18.8)	(37.8)	(57.5)	(81.2)
Taxes & Others	(13.7)	(30.6)	(47.4)	(64.3)	(18.9)	(28.0)	(42.1)	(73.3)	(8.9)	(18.1)	(29.1)	(40.9)
<b>NET INCOME</b>	<b>33.5</b>	<b>71.7</b>	<b>111.9</b>	<b>156.7</b>	<b>43.5</b>	<b>95.0</b>	<b>149.6</b>	<b>191.4</b>	<b>68.1</b>	<b>142.0</b>	<b>217.0</b>	<b>293.3</b>
<i>One-off details</i>												
One-off Revenues	<b>6.8</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>8.2</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>1.6</b>	3.3				0.6
One-off Expenses	<b>(5.0)</b>	<b>(6.8)</b>	<b>(6.8)</b>	<b>(6.8)</b>				(2.5)	<b>(0.9)</b>	<b>(0.9)</b>	<b>(2.8)</b>	(2.8)
<b>EBITDAaL</b>	<b>57.0</b>	<b>175.9</b>	<b>296.9</b>	<b>418.7</b>	<b>123.9</b>	<b>251.1</b>	<b>383.4</b>	<b>520.0</b>	<b>139.3</b>	<b>282.8</b>	<b>429.4</b>	<b>587.0</b>
<b>EBITDA Margin</b>	<b>85.5%</b>	<b>90.3%</b>	<b>91.3%</b>	<b>91.0%</b>	<b>90.9%</b>	<b>91.1%</b>	<b>91.1%</b>	<b>91.1%</b>	<b>90.9%</b>	<b>90.9%</b>	<b>90.9%</b>	<b>91.3%</b>
<b>TAX rate (on EBT)</b>	<b>29.0%</b>	<b>30.0%</b>	<b>29.7%</b>	<b>29.1%</b>	<b>30.3%</b>	<b>22.8%</b>	<b>22.0%</b>	<b>27.7%</b>	<b>11.6%</b>	<b>11.3%</b>	<b>11.8%</b>	<b>12.2%</b>
<b>Net Income on Sales</b>	<b>32.5%</b>	<b>24.9%</b>	<b>23.6%</b>	<b>23.6%</b>	<b>22.8%</b>	<b>24.8%</b>	<b>25.7%</b>	<b>24.4%</b>	<b>32.9%</b>	<b>34.0%</b>	<b>34.3%</b>	<b>34.4%</b>

Note:

Note 1: MSA= Master Service Agreement with TIM and Vodafone, macro sites only. Note 2: OLO & Others refer mainly to revenues from OLOs macro sites and other revenues, such as installation.

Note 3: New Services refer to revenues related to Small Cells, DAS, Backhauling by all customers (both Anchors and OLOs). EBITDAaL calculated based on contractual rental fee incurred in the period.

# Data book: Quarterly P&L

Currency: €m	Q1 20	Q2 20	Q3 20	Q4 20	Q1 21	Q2 21	Q3 21	Q4 21	Q1 22	Q2 22	Q3 22	Q4 22
	(Jan-Mar)	(Apr-Jun)	(Jul-Sep)	(Oct-Dec)	(Jan-Mar)	(Apr-Jun)	(Jul-Sep)	(Oct-Dec)	(Jan-Mar)	(Apr-Jun)	(Jul-Sep)	(Oct-Dec)
<b>Revenues</b>	<b>103.0</b>	<b>184.4</b>	<b>186.1</b>	<b>189.9</b>	<b>190.2</b>	<b>192.9</b>	<b>198.1</b>	<b>203.9</b>	<b>207.0</b>	<b>210.7</b>	<b>214.8</b>	<b>220.5</b>
TIM - MSA macro sites <sup>1</sup>	66.3	80.4	81.7	81.7	82.1	83.6	84.4	83.6	85.7	87.5	86.6	85.2
VOD - MSA macro sites <sup>1</sup>		80.9	81.7	81.8	82.0	82.9	83.0	83.6	86.6	86.9	88.7	91.9
OLOs macro sites & Others <sup>2</sup>	24.4	21.1	20.6	23.3	22.9	23.0	24.6	29.2	27.1	28.3	31.1	35.1
New Services <sup>3</sup>	12.3	2.1	2.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	6.0	7.5	7.6	7.9	8.4	8.3
<b>Operating Expenses</b>	<b>(14.9)</b>	<b>(12.9)</b>	<b>(13.3)</b>	<b>(18.5)</b>	<b>(17.3)</b>	<b>(17.0)</b>	<b>(17.2)</b>	<b>(18.8)</b>	<b>(18.9)</b>	<b>(19.0)</b>	<b>(19.6)</b>	<b>(16.4)</b>
Ground Lease	(0.4)	(0.6)	(1.0)	(0.3)	(1.5)	(0.7)	(1.4)	(1.6)	(1.1)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(1.1)
Other OpEx	(11.7)	(7.5)	(8.1)	(11.8)	(10.4)	(11.6)	(11.7)	(13.0)	(12.9)	(13.6)	(13.8)	(9.6)
Personnel Costs	(2.8)	(4.8)	(4.2)	(6.4)	(5.4)	(4.7)	(4.1)	(4.1)	(4.9)	(5.3)	(5.6)	(5.6)
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>88.0</b>	<b>171.6</b>	<b>172.8</b>	<b>171.4</b>	<b>173.0</b>	<b>175.9</b>	<b>180.9</b>	<b>185.1</b>	<b>188.1</b>	<b>191.7</b>	<b>195.2</b>	<b>204.1</b>
D&A and Write-off	(31.3)	(99.1)	(95.2)	(87.5)	(89.2)	(88.7)	(90.1)	(92.2)	(92.4)	(89.6)	(89.5)	(92.2)
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>56.7</b>	<b>72.5</b>	<b>77.6</b>	<b>83.9</b>	<b>83.8</b>	<b>87.1</b>	<b>90.8</b>	<b>93.0</b>	<b>95.7</b>	<b>102.2</b>	<b>105.7</b>	<b>111.9</b>
Interest	(9.5)	(17.4)	(20.6)	(22.3)	(21.5)	(26.4)	(22.1)	(20.0)	(18.8)	(19.0)	(19.8)	(23.7)
Taxes & Others	(13.7)	(16.9)	(16.7)	(16.9)	(18.9)	(9.2)	(14.0)	(31.2)	(8.9)	(9.2)	(11.0)	(11.8)
<b>NET INCOME</b>	<b>33.5</b>	<b>38.1</b>	<b>40.3</b>	<b>44.7</b>	<b>43.5</b>	<b>51.5</b>	<b>54.6</b>	<b>41.8</b>	<b>68.1</b>	<b>73.9</b>	<b>75.0</b>	<b>76.3</b>
<i>One-off details</i>												
One-off Revenues	<b>6.8</b>			<b>1.4</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.9</b>	1.7				0.6
One-off Expenses	<b>(5.0)</b>	<b>(1.8)</b>						(2.5)	<b>(0.9)</b>		<b>(1.9)</b>	
<b>EBITDAaL</b>	<b>57.0</b>	<b>118.9</b>	<b>121.0</b>	<b>121.7</b>	<b>123.9</b>	<b>127.2</b>	<b>132.3</b>	<b>136.6</b>	<b>139.3</b>	<b>143.5</b>	<b>146.6</b>	<b>157.6</b>
<b>EBITDA Margin</b>	85.5%	93.0%	92.9%	90.3%	90.9%	91.2%	91.3%	90.8%	90.9%	91.0%	90.9%	92.6%
<b>TAX rate (on EBT)</b>	29.0%	30.8%	29.3%	27.4%	30.3%	15.1%	20.5%	42.7%	11.6%	11.1%	12.8%	13.4%
<b>Net Income on Sales</b>	32.5%	20.7%	21.7%	23.5%	22.8%	26.7%	27.6%	20.5%	32.9%	35.1%	34.9%	34.6%

**Note:**

Note 1: MSA= Master Service Agreement with TIM and Vodafone, macro sites only. Note 2: OLO & Others refer mainly to revenues from OLOs macro sites and other revenues, such as installation.

Note 3: New Services refer to revenues related to Small Cells, DAS, Backhauling by all customers (both Anchors and OLOs). EBITDAaL calculated based on contractual rental fee incurred in the period.

# Data book: Balance Sheet

Currency: €m	3M20	6M20	9M20	FY20	3M21	6M21	9M21	FY21	3M22	6M22	9M22	FY22
	(Jan-Mar)	(Jan-Jun)	(Jan-Sep)	(Jan-Dec)	(Jan-Mar)	(Jan-Jun)	(Jan-Sep)	(Jan-Dec)	(Jan-Mar)	(Jan-Jun)	(Jan-Sep)	(Jan-Dec)
Goodwill	6,712	6,113	6,113	6,113	6,113	6,113	6,113	6,147	6,147	6,147	6,147	6,147
Tangible assets	783	778	798	812	802	815	821	876	877	886	903	933
Other intangible fixed assets	13	810	786	762	744	722	696	693	666	640	617	589
Rights of Use on Third Party Assets	1,168	1,230	1,149	1,140	1,107	1,072	1,050	1,078	1,096	1,094	1,091	1,092
<b>Fixed assets</b>	<b>8,677</b>	<b>8,930</b>	<b>8,846</b>	<b>8,827</b>	<b>8,766</b>	<b>8,722</b>	<b>8,679</b>	<b>8,794</b>	<b>8,786</b>	<b>8,767</b>	<b>8,758</b>	<b>8,761</b>
Net Working Capital	64	94	24	(34)	(9)	343	370	214	225	288	281	216
Shareholders dividend	(570)	(0)										
<b>Current assets/liabilities</b>	<b>(506)</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>(34)</b>	<b>(9)</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>370</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>225</b>	<b>288</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>216</b>
ARO fund	(217)	(218)	(220)	(221)	(221)	(223)	(224)	(228)	(229)	(229)	(230)	(225)
Deferred taxes Fund	(81)	(335)	(346)	(277)	(296)	(301)	(314)	(239)	(232)	(226)	(220)	(204)
Other LT Net Assets/liabilities	(30)	-	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
<b>Non-Current assets/liabilities</b>	<b>(328)</b>	<b>(553)</b>	<b>(569)</b>	<b>(501)</b>	<b>(521)</b>	<b>(527)</b>	<b>(542)</b>	<b>(471)</b>	<b>(465)</b>	<b>(459)</b>	<b>(454)</b>	<b>(433)</b>
<b>Invested Capital</b>	<b>7,842</b>	<b>8,471</b>	<b>8,301</b>	<b>8,292</b>	<b>8,236</b>	<b>8,538</b>	<b>8,508</b>	<b>8,537</b>	<b>8,546</b>	<b>8,596</b>	<b>8,585</b>	<b>8,545</b>
Share Capital	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600
Legal Reserve	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Reserves	3,830	3,703	3,703	3,703	3,860	3,572	3,572	3,572	3,762	3,453	3,453	3,453
CY P&L (Fully distributable)	34	72	113	157	43	95	150	191	68	142	217	293
<b>Total Net Equity</b>	<b>4,583</b>	<b>4,495</b>	<b>4,536</b>	<b>4,580</b>	<b>4,624</b>	<b>4,387</b>	<b>4,442</b>	<b>4,484</b>	<b>4,550</b>	<b>4,315</b>	<b>4,390</b>	<b>4,466</b>
Long-Term Debt	2,196	1,658	2,023	2,767	2,769	2,767	3,018	3,018	3,018	3,018	3,019	3,069
IFRS16 Long term debt	904	972	933	893	843	824	806	831	834	828	822	810
IFRS16 Short term debt	178	176	141	159	172	153	150	151	151	151	150	152
Short term debt	21	1,218	788	13	17	432	141	149	58	326	242	121
Cash & Cash equivalents	(40)	(48)	(118)	(120)	(188)	(25)	(49)	(96)	(64)	(41)	(38)	(73)
<b>Total Net Financial Position</b>	<b>3,259</b>	<b>3,976</b>	<b>3,765</b>	<b>3,712</b>	<b>3,612</b>	<b>4,151</b>	<b>4,066</b>	<b>4,053</b>	<b>3,997</b>	<b>4,282</b>	<b>4,195</b>	<b>4,079</b>
<b>Total sources of financing</b>	<b>7,842</b>	<b>8,471</b>	<b>8,301</b>	<b>8,292</b>	<b>8,236</b>	<b>8,538</b>	<b>8,508</b>	<b>8,537</b>	<b>8,546</b>	<b>8,596</b>	<b>8,585</b>	<b>8,545</b>
<b>NFP/EBITDA</b>	<b>4.9 x</b>	<b>5.9 x</b>	<b>5.5 x</b>	<b>5.4 x</b>	<b>5.2 x</b>	<b>5.9 x</b>	<b>5.6 x</b>	<b>5.5 x</b>	<b>5.3 x</b>	<b>5.6 x</b>	<b>5.4 x</b>	<b>5.0 x</b>

# Data book: Cash Flow

<i>Currency: €m</i>	3M20	6M20	9M20	FY20	3M21	6M21	9M21	FY21	3M22	6M22	9M22	FY22
	(Jan-Mar)	(Jan-Jun)	(Jan-Sep)	(Jan-Dec)	(Jan-Mar)	(Jan-Jun)	(Jan-Sep)	(Jan-Dec)	(Jan-Mar)	(Jan-Jun)	(Jan-Sep)	(Jan-Dec)
EBITDA Recurring	86.3	259.5	432.4	602.4	172.4	348.2	528.1	<b>714.1</b>	189.0	380.7	577.9	<b>781.4</b>
Recurring CAPEX		(3.2)	(3.8)	(16.8)	(1.8)	(8.0)	(11.6)	<b>(17.4)</b>	(5.4)	(12.3)	(19.2)	<b>(23.2)</b>
<b>EBITDA - Recurring CAPEX</b>	<b>86.3</b>	<b>256.3</b>	<b>428.6</b>	<b>585.6</b>	<b>170.7</b>	<b>340.1</b>	<b>516.5</b>	<b>696.7</b>	<b>183.6</b>	<b>368.5</b>	<b>558.7</b>	<b>758.2</b>
Change in Net Working Capital	(4.7)	(15.9)	30.0	54.5	(18.2)	10.1	4.4	27.1	4.0	(1.0)	0.7	10.9
Change in Net Working Capital non Recurring	-	-	(57.8)	(57.8)								
<b>Operating Free Cash Flow</b>	<b>81.5</b>	<b>240.4</b>	<b>400.8</b>	<b>582.3</b>	<b>152.5</b>	<b>350.3</b>	<b>521.0</b>	<b>723.8</b>	<b>187.7</b>	<b>367.5</b>	<b>559.3</b>	<b>769.1</b>
Tax Cash-Out		(22.8)	(24.1)	(93.3)		(51.9)	(56.3)	(110.2)		(23.8)	(23.8)	(27.9)
Lease payment Recurring	(29.7)	(85.4)	(133.2)	(196.7)	(51.1)	(103.6)	(151.6)	(201.9)	(58.4)	(103.0)	(150.0)	(200.0)
Financial Charges	(1.5)	(2.5)	(16.3)	(20.5)	(8.3)	(10.3)	(31.6)	(45.3)	(2.7)	(13.0)	(35.0)	(49.8)
<b>Recurring Cash Flow</b>	<b>50.3</b>	<b>129.8</b>	<b>227.2</b>	<b>271.8</b>	<b>93.1</b>	<b>184.4</b>	<b>281.4</b>	<b>366.5</b>	<b>126.6</b>	<b>227.7</b>	<b>350.5</b>	<b>491.4</b>
One-off Items	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.3)	1.1	0.6	0.7	1.6	0.7	(0.9)	(0.9)	(2.8)	(2.2)
Change in trade payables related to Dev. CAPEX	(10.2)	(2.0)	19.4	29.3	(6.2)	(9.9)	(27.2)	56.3	(62.9)	(66.7)	(66.9)	(37.3)
Development CAPEX	(8.1)	(21.5)	(64.2)	(101.9)	(16.2)	(46.4)	(69.8)	(199.1)	(26.4)	(58.2)	(98.7)	(163.8)
Goodwill tax scheme pre-payment						(334.0)	(334.0)	(334.0)		(14.0)	(14.0)	(14.0)
Price adjustment				18.7								
Other Change in Net Working Capital			57.8	63.4	(3.0)	(2.6)	(1.6)	(0.0)	32.7	(1.2)	(8.2)	(6.5)
<b>Free Cash Flow to Equity</b>	<b>31.7</b>	<b>106.0</b>	<b>239.9</b>	<b>282.4</b>	<b>68.2</b>	<b>(207.9)</b>	<b>(149.7)</b>	<b>(109.6)</b>	<b>69.1</b>	<b>86.7</b>	<b>159.9</b>	<b>267.5</b>
Purchase/sale of treasury shares					(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(2.1)	(2.1)	(2.1)	(2.1)
Financial investments	(2,140.0)	(2,140.0)	(2,140.2)	(2,140.2)								
Other Financial Charges	(3.3)	(12.5)	(12.3)	(10.0)	(5.6)	(14.3)	(8.2)	(6.9)	(8.9)	(11.7)	(3.4)	(4.4)
Other variations	(8.4)	(28.7)	(26.2)	(38.6)		(7.0)	(7.0)	(7.0)	0.2			
Dividend Paid		(696.6)	(696.7)	(696.9)		(283.9)	(284.1)	(286.8)	(0.0)	(305.2)	(306.5)	(307.5)
<b>Net Cash Flow</b>	<b>(2,119.9)</b>	<b>(2,771.8)</b>	<b>(2,635.5)</b>	<b>(2,603.3)</b>	<b>62.1</b>	<b>(513.5)</b>	<b>(449.3)</b>	<b>(410.8)</b>	<b>58.3</b>	<b>(232.3)</b>	<b>(152.1)</b>	<b>(46.5)</b>
Impact IFRS16	(2.4)	(69.0)	6.0	27.7	37.2	74.3	95.2	69.3	(1.9)	3.9	10.4	20.9
<b>Net Cash Flow after adoption IFRS16</b>	<b>(2,122.3)</b>	<b>(2,840.8)</b>	<b>(2,629.5)</b>	<b>(2,575.6)</b>	<b>99.4</b>	<b>(439.2)</b>	<b>(354.2)</b>	<b>(341.4)</b>	<b>56.3</b>	<b>(228.4)</b>	<b>(141.7)</b>	<b>(25.6)</b>
Net Debt Beginning of Period	712.4	3,258.4	3,976.9	3,765.6	3,711.7	3,711.7	3,711.7	<b>3,711.7</b>	4,053.1	4,053.1	4,053.1	<b>4,053.1</b>
<b>Net Debt End of Period Inwit Stand Alone</b>	<b>2,834.7</b>	<b>3,553.2</b>	<b>3,341.9</b>	<b>3,288.0</b>	<b>3,612.3</b>	<b>4,150.9</b>	<b>4,065.9</b>	<b>4,053.1</b>	<b>3,996.8</b>	<b>4,281.5</b>	<b>4,194.9</b>	<b>4,078.7</b>
Vodafone contribution	423.7	423.7	423.7	423.7								
<b>Net Debt End of Period</b>	<b>3,258.4</b>	<b>3,976.9</b>	<b>3,765.6</b>	<b>3,711.7</b>	<b>3,612.3</b>	<b>4,150.9</b>	<b>4,065.9</b>	<b>4,053.1</b>	<b>3,996.8</b>	<b>4,281.5</b>	<b>4,194.9</b>	<b>4,078.7</b>
<b>CAPEX (total)</b>	<b>(8.1)</b>	<b>(33.7)</b>	<b>(68.0)</b>	<b>(118.7)</b>	<b>(18.0)</b>	<b>(54.4)</b>	<b>(81.4)</b>	<b>(216.5)</b>	<b>(31.8)</b>	<b>(70.5)</b>	<b>(117.9)</b>	<b>(187.0)</b>

# Data book: Operational KPIs

Figures in #k	1Q20	2Q20	3Q20	4Q20	1Q21 <sup>1</sup>	2Q21	3Q21	4Q21 <sup>3</sup>	1Q22	2Q22	3Q22	4Q22
	3M20 (Jan-Mar)	6M20 (Jan-Jun)	9M20 (Jan-Sep)	FY20 (Jan-Dec)	3M21 (Jan-Mar)	6M21 (Jan-Jun)	9M21 (Jan-Sep)	FY21 (Jan-Dec)	3M22 (Jan-Mar)	6M22 (Jan-Jun)	9M22 (Jan-Sep)	FY22 (Jan-Dec)
<b>Tenancy Ratio</b>	<b>1.96x</b>	<b>1.81x</b>	<b>1.84x</b>	<b>1.88x</b>	<b>1.91x</b>	<b>1.95x</b>	<b>1.98x</b>	<b>2.01x</b>	<b>2.05x</b>	<b>2.09x</b>	<b>2.12x</b>	<b>2.16x</b>
<b>Number of Tenants</b>	<b>21.9</b>	<b>40.5</b>	<b>41.0</b>	<b>42.0</b>	<b>42.8</b>	<b>44.0</b>	<b>44.9</b>	<b>46.0</b>	<b>46.8</b>	<b>47.9</b>	<b>48.9</b>	<b>50.1</b>
Anchor Tenants	<b>10.9</b>	<b>32.0</b>	<b>32.2</b>	<b>32.7</b>	<b>33.6</b>	<b>34.5</b>	<b>35.1</b>	<b>35.8</b>	<b>36.4</b>	<b>36.9</b>	<b>37.5</b>	<b>38.2</b>
Anchors New Tenants		21.1	0.2	0.5	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.7
OLOs	<b>11.1</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>9.2</b>	<b>9.2</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>9.8</b>	<b>10.2</b>	<b>10.4</b>	<b>10.9</b>	<b>11.4</b>	<b>11.9</b>
OLOs New Tenants	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.5
<b>Organic Number of Sites<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>22.3</b>	<b>22.3</b>	<b>22.3</b>	<b>22.4</b>	<b>22.5</b>	<b>22.6</b>	<b>22.8</b>	<b>22.8</b>	<b>22.9</b>	<b>23.0</b>	<b>23.2</b>
<b>Other KPIs</b>												
Small Cells & DAS Remote Units	<b>3.5</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>7.0</b>
New Remote Units	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.1	1.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
Backhauling links	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>1.7</b>
New backhauling links	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	-	0.1	0.1
Lease Renegotiations/Buyouts (#)	<b>180</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>800</b>	<b>600</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>570</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>475</b>	<b>360</b>	<b>650</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>510</b>

**Note 1:** 1Q21 New Tenants excluding terminations.

**Note 2:** Total sites figure restated starting from April 1, 2020 following the reporting system integration of INWIT pre-merger and Vodafone Towers

**Note 3:** New Small Cells & DAS Remote Units in Q4'21 include impact of Highway Tunnel investment (ca. 800 Remote Units)

More questions?  
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